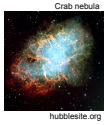


Numerical code of neutrino-transfer in 3D for core-collapse supernovae

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 Numazu College of Technology¹ and Waseda University²

Sumiyoshi and Yamada, *ApJS* 199 (2012) 17

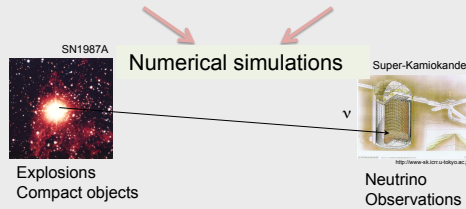
I'm Sumi
 e-mail: sumi@numazu-ct.ac.jp



Neutrino transfer:

Key role in dynamics of SNe

- Hydrodynamics
- Equation of state
- Neutrino-transfer
- Neutrino reactions
- Magnetic fields
- Electron captures



- Neutrinos as agents of energy transfer
- Carry information of compact objects

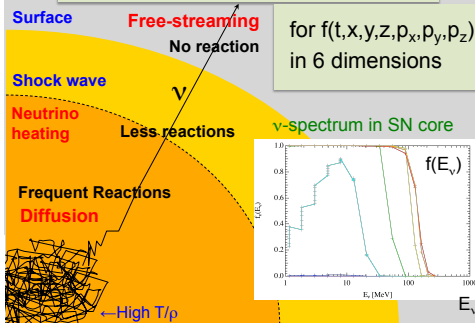
- We developed the numerical code to solve neutrino transfer in 3D

Neutrinos inside & outside

- From diffusion to free-streaming
- Intermediate regime is important

$$\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial f_{\nu}}{\partial t} + \vec{n} \cdot \vec{\nabla} f_{\nu} = \frac{1}{c} \left(\frac{\partial f_{\nu}}{\partial t} \right)_{\text{collision}}$$

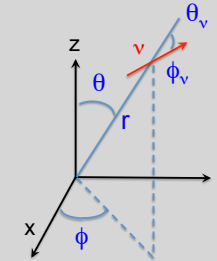
for $f(t, x, y, z, p_x, p_y, p_z)$ in 6 dimensions



Numerical calculations of neutrino transfer in 3D

Solve Boltzmann equation in spherical coordinate

$$\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial f_{\nu}}{\partial t} + \frac{\mu_{\nu}}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 f_{\nu}) + \frac{\sqrt{1-\mu_{\nu}^2} \cos \phi_{\nu}}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\sin \theta f_{\nu}) + \frac{\sqrt{1-\mu_{\nu}^2} \sin \phi_{\nu}}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial f_{\nu}}{\partial \phi} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu_{\nu}} [(1-\mu_{\nu}^2) f_{\nu}] + \frac{\sqrt{1-\mu_{\nu}^2} \cos \theta}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi_{\nu}} (\sin \phi_{\nu} f_{\nu}) = \frac{1}{c} \left(\frac{\partial f_{\nu}}{\partial t} \right)_{\text{collision}}$$



- Time evolution of neutrino distributions in 6D

$$f_{\nu}(r, \theta, \phi; \varepsilon_{\nu}, \theta_{\nu}, \phi_{\nu}; t) \quad \bullet \text{ 3D space + } \nu\text{-energy, 2 angles}$$

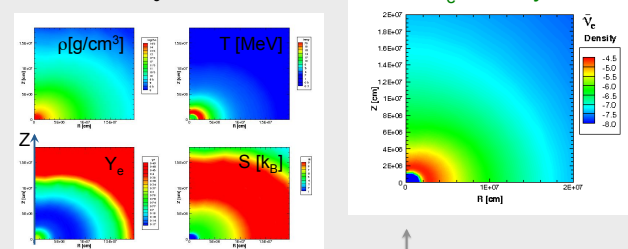
- Multi-energy, Multi-angle (S_{μ} -method) finite differencing (upwind+central), time-implicit method
- Collision term: set of neutrino reactions with supernova EOS table

- 3D neutrino-transfer became possible by our code on supercomputers

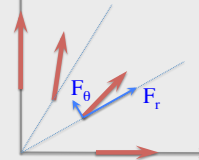
New code reveals the 3D features of neutrino transfer

ν-transfer in 2D supernova core

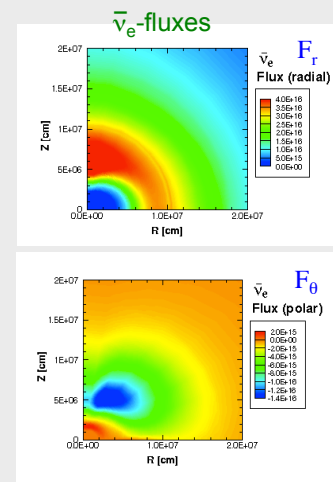
for the ρ, T, Y_e profile



- Radial flux is enhanced near pole
 - Polar flux is significant
- cf. ray-by-ray method
diffusion approximations



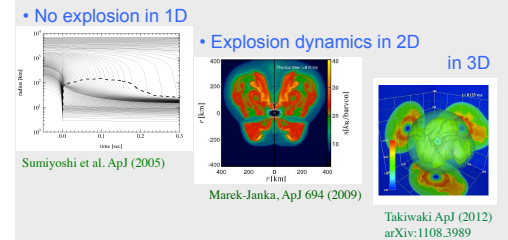
- Describes even non-radial fluxes beyond the previous approximations



Frontier in 3D simulations

Progress of neutrino transfer

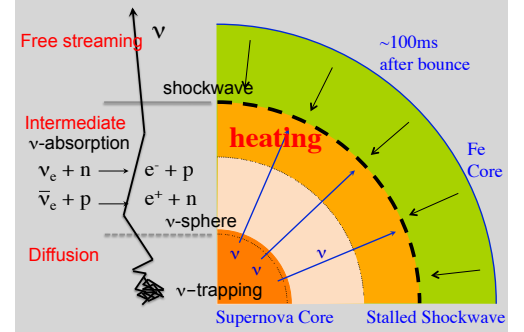
- 1D: first principle calculations
 - Examine Microphysics, Systematics
- 2D: approximate treatment
 - Recent state-of-the-art calculations
- 3D: numerical challenges
 - Explore hydrodynamical instabilities



- Need full 3D calculations
 - To establish the supernova mechanism
 - Hydrodynamical instabilities with ν-heating

ν-heating mechanism

Revival of shock wave by energy transfer via ν-absorptions depends on ν-energy, flux, reactions → neutrino transfer



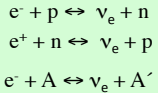
Inside the numerical code:

Collision terms:

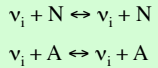
Essential set of neutrino reaction rates

Bruenn ApJS (1985) + Extensions

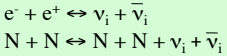
Emission/Absorption:



Scattering:



Pair-processes:

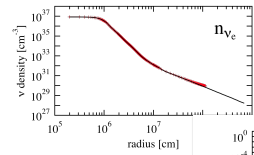


• energy, angle dependence

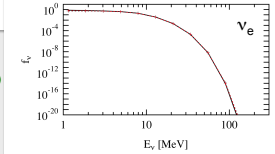
• EOS tables
Shen, LS etc

• Three species
 $\nu_e, \bar{\nu}_e, \nu_\mu$

• Code check:
- Free-streaming
- Diffusion tests



Formal solutions



tested by 1D calc.

Sumiyoshi et al. ApJ (2005)

Solve large sparse matrix:

Linear equation for ν -distributions $A \vec{f}_\nu = \vec{d}$

Parallel code
by MPI

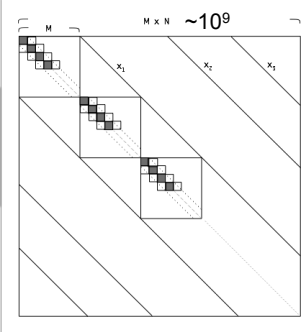
$$N_{\text{vector}} \sim 10^6 \times 10^3$$

$$N_{\text{space}} = n_r \times n_\theta \times n_\phi$$

$$N_\nu = n_e \times n_{\theta\nu} \times n_{\phi\nu}$$

memory:

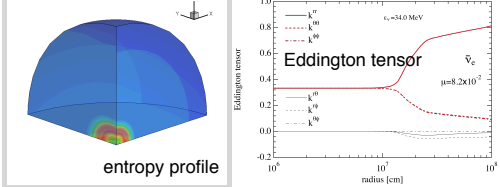
vector >20GB
matrix >1TB



ν -transfer in 3D supernova core

Deformation with ϕ -dependence

near yz -plane



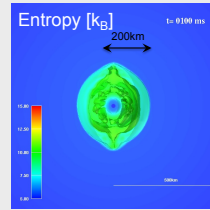
- Azimuthal flux as well as polar flux
- Applicable even outside the diffusion regime

- Provide necessary information of ν -transfer in 3D for hydrodynamics

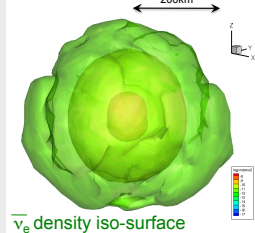
Applications to 2D & 3D simulations:

3D supernova core after bounce

- Neutrino densities, flux, reaction, heating rate in 3D



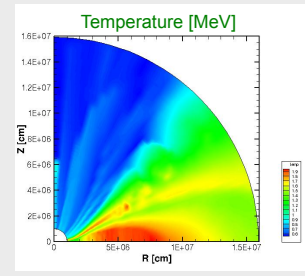
Takiwaki et al. (2011)



ν_e density iso-surface

Accretion disk around BH in collapsar

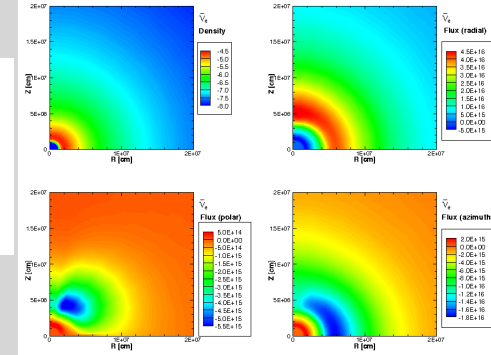
- Non-radial fluxes of thermal neutrinos from disk



Sekiguchi et al. (2011)

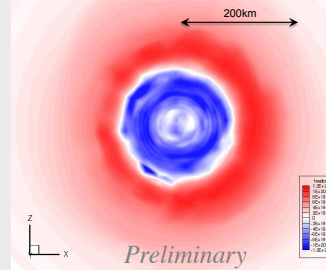
- 3D ν -transfer code as a tool to explore the neutrino influence in dynamics

$\bar{\nu}_e$ -density & fluxes near xz -plane



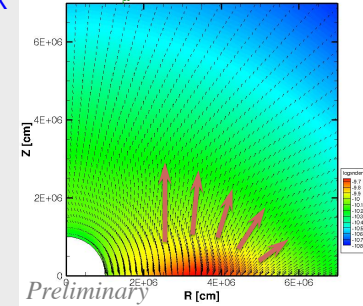
ν -heating/cooling rates

Red: heating, Blue: cooling



Preliminary

ν_μ density & flux



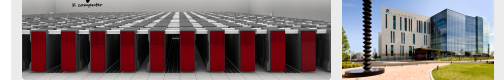
Preliminary

Summary:

- A new code to solve 3D ν -transfer
 - Applied to 2D, 3D supernova cores
 - Reveal the role of neutrinos in 3D
- Toward the full 3D simulations
 - Working on coupling with hydro-code
 - 3D ν -radiation hydrodynamics
- Grand challenge calculations
 - To clarify the 3D explosion mechanism

Core-collapse supernovae is one of the target simulations on K-computer

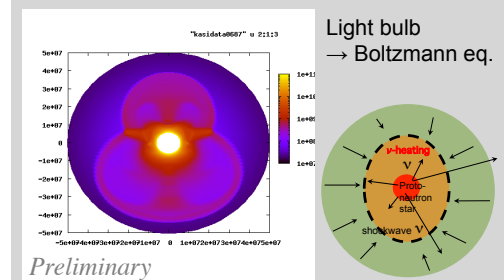
World's No.1 on TOP500 List



Coupling with hydro-code

Nagakura et al. (2012)

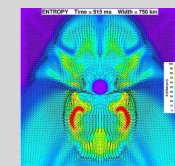
To study effects of ν -transfer in SASI conditions



Preliminary

Beyond the approximations:

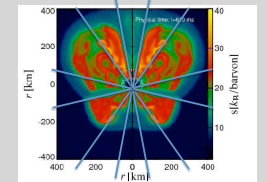
Flux-limited diffusion



Usage of Flux limiter
- intermediate regime?

Acoustic Powered
Burrows et al. ApJ 640 (2006) 878

Ray-by-ray method



Solve indep. 1D-transport
- lateral transport?

SASI + Neutrino-heating
Marek-Janka, ApJ 694 (2009) 664